CABINET

Venue: Town Hall, Moorgate Date: Wednesday, 4 July 2012

Street, Rotherham. S60

2TH

Time: 10.30 a.m.

AGENDA

1. To consider questions from Members of the Public.

- 2. To determine if the following matters are to be considered under the categories suggested in accordance with the Local Government Act 1972.
- 3. To determine any item which the Chairman is of the opinion should be considered as a matter of urgency.
- 4. Minutes of the previous meeting held on 20th June, 2012 (copy supplied separately)
- 5. Capital Programme Outturn 2011/12 and Updated Estimates 2012/13 to 2014/15 (report herewith) (Pages 1 18)
 - Strategic Director of Resources to report.
- 6. Revenue Account Outturn 2011/12 (report herewith) (Pages 19 33)
 - Strategic Director of Resources to report.
- 7. CYPS Budget 2012/13 (report herewith) (Pages 34 38)
 - Strategic Director of Children and Young People's Services to report.
- 8. Welfare and Benefits Reform (report herewith) (Pages 39 51)
 - Strategic Director of Resources to report.
- 9. RGF Round 3 Bid: Sheffield City Region Enterprise Zone Infrastructure Works (report herewith) (Pages 52 56)
 - Strategic Director of Environment and Development Services to report.
- 10. Exclusion of the Press and Public.

The following item is likely to be considered in the absence of the press and public as being exempt under Paragraph 3 of Part 1 of Schedule 12A to the Local Government Act 1972 (as amended March 2006 – information relates to finance and business affairs).

- 11. Strategic Acquisition (report herewith) (Pages 57 62)
 - Strategic Director of Resources to report.

Page 1 Agenda Item 5

1	Meeting:	Cabinet
2	Date:	4 th July 2012
3	Title:	Capital Programme Outturn 2011/12 and updated estimates 2012/13 to 2014/15
4	Directorate:	Resources

5 Summary

The purpose of this report is to report the capital outturn position for the 2011/12 financial year and recommend for approval changes to the programme for the financial years 2012/13 to 2014/15 resulting from the 2011/12 outturn and scheme changes since the overall programme was agreed in February as part of the budget setting process.

6 Recommendations

Cabinet is asked to:

Note the 2011/12 capital outturn position

Recommend the approval of the updated 2012/13 to 2014/15 capital programme by Full Council

7. Proposals and Details

7.1 Background - The Capital Programme

The finalisation of the 2011/12 capital expenditure and financing outlined in this report provides an opportunity to reflect and update the future years' programme that was previously approved by Cabinet in February for the financial years 2012/13 to 2014/15.

The current economic climate and the on-going impact of the Government's austerity measures require that the capital programme is subject to continual oversight, and if necessary, revision, to ensure that the Council's capital investment plans are aligned with strategic priorities and maximise the value from the limited capital resources available.

The financial implications of the Programme are reflected in the Council's Medium Term Financial Strategy (MTFS) and Treasury Management and Investment Strategy.

For 2011/12 the Council's capital investment into the regeneration and enhanced infrastructure of the Borough was £93.983m. The profile of this investment and the updated future expenditure plans are reflected in the Directorate summary table presented below. A detailed copy of the programme for each Directorate is attached at Appendices 1 to 4.

	2011/12 Outturn	2012/13 Estimate	2013/14 Estimate	2014/15 Estimate
Directorate	£m	£m	£m	£m
Children and Young People's Service	10.048	20.231	9.964	3.725
Environment & Development Services	10.977	21.132	13.348	7.170
Neighbourhoods & Adult Services	36.687	24.398	30.063	28.984
Resources	36.271	10.691	1.275	1.275
TOTAL	93.983	76.452	54.650	41.154

The updated programme has been prepared in light of the capital resources known to be available to the Council over these financial years, and estimated on a prudent basis.

The Council is continuing to undertake a comprehensive review of its assets and buildings portfolio with the aim to rationalise both its operational and non-operational asset holdings which may contribute both a future capital receipt and a revenue saving.

7.2 <u>Children and Young People's Services Capital Programme</u> 2011/12 to 2014/15

The 2011/12 outturn was £10.048m, with total proposed expenditure over the period of the future programme of £33.920m.

Although some rebuilding projects had to be cancelled when the Government cancelled the "Building Schools for the Future" programme, the Council was able to bid for Priority School Building Programme (PSBP) funding and was recently informed that it had been successful in respect of two schools, Wath Victoria Junior and Infant School (£1.7m) and Oakwood School (£10.5m). At this stage it is still unclear when the works will commence or, indeed, whether the build will be procured centrally by the Department for Education. As a consequence these two projects have not been built into the capital programme but will be introduced at a later date when further information is received from the Government. A copy of the full programme is attached to this report at Appendix 1.

For 2011/12, the major capital investments into the Council's educational and learning facilities across the borough were:

Extension at Wentworth C of E School (£0.214m). Work has begun to provide Wentworth C of E School with a two storey extension that will deliver an additional class room, store rooms, a toilet for the disabled and other facilities. Expenditure of £0.214m was incurred in 2011/12 with a further £0.228m anticipated to be spent before completion in 2012/13. Bad weather and a delay to the delivery of building stone material has led to significant slippage (£0.217m) of the programme into 2012/13.

Landscaping at Swinton Queen Junior and Infant School (£0.709m) was completed in 2011/12.

Extension at Maltby Lilly Hall (£0.096m) - work to provide a six classroom extension with hall, reception and staff facilities together with refurbishment of the existing junior school building commenced in 2011/12. A further £4.472m is committed in 2012/13 to complete the scheme.

New kitchen facility at Thrybergh Primary School (£0.312m) was completed in November 2011.

Thornhill Primary School extension (£0.019m). Expenditure of £0.019m was incurred in 2011/12 as work commenced to provide Thornhill Primary School with Special Educational Needs facilities and a dining room extension to accommodate increased pupil numbers. The Council is expecting to spend a further £0.881m over the next two years. On site works have been delayed awaiting agreement from Transform Schools and its funders.

Maltby Academy development project (£0.078m) - work has commenced now that confirmation of the proposed capital allocation of £11.1m has been received from Government. A further £6.500m is expected to be incurred in 2012/13 and £4.523m in 2013/14, delivering extensive refurbishment of existing buildings plus a new sports hall and teaching block.

City Learning Centres (£1.221m). Work has been undertaken at both Rawmarsh and Winterhill City Learning Centres the most notable of these being the Winterhill extension (£0.877m) completed in, September 2011. Some of the programme relating to Rawmarsh CLC has slipped into 2012/13 following the decision to delay the works until the summer recess to minimise disruption to the pupils.

Other schemes -

- Using Government funding minor enhancement works at schools are carried out each year. In 2011/12 £3.460m of such works were carried out with a further £0.311m of works having to be slipped into 2012/13 so increasing that year's planned expenditure to £3.231m.
- Devolved Formula Capital grant of £2.272m has been used by schools to fund minor capital works to enhance the local learning environment. This leaves £0.907m of the annual allocation available to be carried forward and added to the 2012/13 allocation to give estimated expenditure of £1.822m.
- Work has started on the Orchard Centre conversion. £0.084m was incurred with a further £1.176m due to be spent in 2012/13 on extensive refurbishment in order to provide a respite unit for children with complex needs. There is slippage of £0.476m of the Orchard Centre programme into 2012/13 as a result of the need to re-tender the contract.
- Following the reorganisation of the Youth Service, £0.365m was allocated in 2011/12 for the purchase of mobile units.

7.3 Environment and Development Services (EDS) including Culture and Leisure Capital Programme 2011/12 to 2014/15

The 2011/12 outturn was £10.977m, with total planned expenditure over the period of the programme of £41.650m. A copy of the full programme is attached to this report at Appendix 2.

For 2011/12, the major capital investments that contributed to the regeneration of the borough and enhancement of its infrastructure were:

Culture and Leisure (£1.055m) – the Council is committed to improving the play and leisure environment across the borough. Renovation and redesign of Boston Castle and the surrounding landscape is now virtually complete providing a new interpretation, function, meeting and event space.

Other delays have led to some slippage of the programme into 2012/13. The main alterations to the programme are:

- The outstanding works at Clifton Park restoration (£0.395m), delayed due to the insolvency of the previous contractor, are now expected to be complete in 2013/14.
- Remedial issues at both Thrybergh and Ulley Reservoirs have been delayed due to the weather and are now expected to be resolved in 2012/13 costing £0.167m in total.
- Wath library refurbishment has been reprofiled due to delays in obtaining planning permission for change of use. Works are programmed to start in July/August 2012 at an estimate of £0.163m.
- Planned works to develop Library facilities (£658k) have been deferred pending the outcomes of the Libraries Customer Services Review.
- Work on Thrybergh Country Park showers commenced in March 2012. The
 work had been delayed due to a longer than expected design and tendering
 process. The scheme will be completed in 2012/13 and will cost £0.133m.

Highways (£6.690m) – the Council has continued to invest in its extensive road and street lighting network in recognition of its priority for local residents and businesses. This was assisted by the mid-year announcement from Government that an additional £1.875m LTP IT funding would be made available across South Yorkshire. By the year end, an underspend of £0.849m had occurred largely a result of slippage on various bridge and highways schemes.

The A57 major scheme has been reprofiled in order to facilitate the bringing together of other related highways schemes.

Economic Regeneration (£2.234m) - schemes delivered in this programme contribute to the regeneration of the town centre and other strategic locations in the borough. Most notable of these are:

- Rotherham Townscapes Heritage Initiatives project (£0.537m) continues to deliver the renovation and restoration of several buildings on High Street and Wellgate and will continue into 2012/13, with £0.902m due to be spent. This scheme underspent by £0.154m in 2011/12 due to the slower than expected take up by property owners who have to make a contribution to be able to draw down funding.
- Chantry Bridge Flood Defence (£0.627m) the provision and installation of flood walls, a pumping station and ancillaries to protect the Town Centre against the risk of flooding from the River Don under the Defra Flood Defence Grant in Aid scheme is nearing completion. Further minor works are required in 2012/13, totalling £0.061m.
- **Property Level Flood Protection at Whiston** (£0.211m).Flood protection has been provided to forty-eight residential properties under the Defra Property Level Flood Protection Programme. The scheme was completed in March.

- Minster Gardens Public Realm (£0.288m) works during the year saw the completion of the development on the previous All Saints Building site into a public open space.
- **Demolition of Crinoline House** (0.335m) which had to be brought forward due to health and safety issues with the vacant building.
- Other changes to the future capital programme include:
 - the Holmes Tail Goit project (£0.212M), where funding was not approved by the Environment Agency until March 2012 and as a consequence the project was delayed,
 - A new drainage scheme (£0.627m) has been introduced to the programme in 2012/13 which will ensure land adjacent to the River Don will be protected from flooding; and
 - o Pithouse West Culvert works (£0.290m).

Waste Management(£0.618m)- the Council is currently in the process of procuring a new waste disposal facility in conjunction with Doncaster and Barnsley Councils. Expenditure on the project increased beyond those originally anticipated largely due to the increase in legal costs needed to deal with the complex contractual issues. Recycling banks/bins were also purchased to further aid home waste recycling rates.

Minor Strategic &Maintenance (£0.169m) –a number of Minor Strategic and Maintenance essential health and safety schemes were completed. Certain approved works have been reprofiled in 2012/13.

Rotherham Economic Regeneration Fund(£0.031m) – these are schemes designed to support new businesses adding value to the town centre through grant funding. This programme has slipped into 2012/13 as many applications in 2011/12 could not be supported either because they were outside the designated support zone or because they duplicated existing retail outlets.

Rotherham's Gateways (£0.180m) - The works detailed in this programme area seek to improve the access points to the Borough. Spend relates to the Dinnington and North Anston schemes that were added to the programme in 2010/11 and have now been completed.

7.4 Neighbourhoods and Adults Services Capital Programme 2011/12 to 2014/15

The 2011/12 outturn was £36.687m, with total planned expenditure over the period of the programme of £83.445m. A copy of the full programme is attached to this report at Appendix 3.

Neighbourhood Services

The 2011/12 outturn was £36.514m, with total estimated expenditure over the period of the programme of £83.329m which remains predominantly unchanged. A copy of the full programme is attached to this report at Appendix 3.

For 2011/12, the major capital investments that have contributed to the significant, on-going refurbishment of the council's housing stock, the provision of new social affordable housing and environmental improvements to the borough's neighbourhoods were:

Refurbishment Works (£4.011m) –both internal and external property refurbishment works were completed in 2011/12, although the programme was underspent by £0.275m due mainly to the higher than expected level of refusals by tenants for internal refurbishment works to be completed.

Decent Homes Void Programme (£2.154m) – during the year 185 major voids had been completed against an original estimate of 150. This increase, together with an the average cost for such works being higher than antiicpated, resulted in a programme overspend on £0.654m.

Replacement of Central Heating (£1.110m) – expenditure on new central heating systems increased during the year as it became necessary to carry out essential work to repair or replace Buderas boilers. In addition work to replace ISA boilers, which was to be carried out in 2012/13, was brought forward as these units were incurring substantial revenue repair costs. This additional work resulted in additional costs of £0.610m.

Non-Traditional Investment (£1.146m) – a total of 90 non-traditional properties were renovated in 2011/12 despite delays caused by issues relating to asbestos and adverse weather conditions preventing external rendering. This resulted in an underspend of £0.777k on the programme. Budget provision has been made in 2012/13 to continue such works, predominantly thermal cladding of these properties.

HRA Self Financing Reform (£15.188m) – The final debt settlement figure for the Council as part of the HRA self-financing initiative was an allocation of additional debt of £15.188m, the payment of which was through prudential borrowing in line with the Business Plan.

Fair Access to All: Disabled Adaptations (£3.102m) – a slight overspend on the private sector adaptations (£0.082m) was compensated for with an underspend on public sector adaptations (£0.319m) as efforts were shifted to the private sector programme to ensure these demand led works were completed within statutory timescales. The private sector programme is being increased in 2012/13 to reflect additional demand and will be funded from Housing capital receipts.

Regeneration/Neighbourhood Renewal (£1.436m) – the main aspect of work has been Canklow Phase 1 & 2 (£0.535m) where a total of eight properties were acquired in 2011/12 as part of the site clearance.

HCA New Build (£6.618m) - all new build works were completed at the end of December 2011 in line with budget expectations. Overall 132 properties were delivered and have subsequently been let.

Neighbourhoods Improvements Non-HIP Programme (£0.106m) – the programme was underspent in 2011/12 by £0.636m, which has been reprofiled into 2012/13. The most mnotable reprofiling is on the capped landfill sites (£0.616m), caused by issues with legal negotiations, contractual obligations and surveys. In addition a proposed new housing development close to one of the sites has meant that additional investigatory works have had to be carried out.

Adult Services

The 2011/12 outturn was £0.173m, with total estimated expenditure over the period of the programme of £0.116m. A copy of the full programme is attached to this report at Appendix 3.

During the year Assistive Technology was utilised to continue to help people of all ages with mental health problems to continue to live in the community. Renovation work has been carried out to Winthorp Park which offers access to the elderly disabled, and other minor enhancements were made to other Council properties.

Changes have been made to the ongoing programme to bring it into line with latest estimates. In addition work is to be carried out on a Council property on Wellgate (£0.034m) to allow it to be used as a 'Mental Health and Wellbeing' drop in for public access. The resource will offer advice and information on maintaining good mental health, as well as a scaled down venue for onsite group work and activity. The Service also plans to carry out minor capital works and procure rehabilitation equipment at Lord Hardy Court.

7.5 Resources Capital Programme 2011/12 to 2014/15

The 2011/12 outturn was £36.271m, with total planned expenditure over the period of the programme of £13.241m. A copy of the programme is attached to this report at Appendix 4.

Asset Management (£18.259m)

- Work commenced on Rawmarsh CSC incorporating the library, community meeting room, a changing room for the sports field as well as Health Service facilities. General slippage on the scheme meant that the facility opened end of April, with profiled expenditure of £0.648m in 2012/13.
- There has been slippage on the Town Centre Design Work project and funds will be used in 2012/13 to kick-start various town centre initiatives
- Riverside House (£12.270m) The building is now open and operational
 with expenditure contributing to the introduction of new IT resources and
 other equipment. Residual works and further improvements to the
 exterior are on-going and will be completed in 2012/13, at a cost of
 £1.157m.
- Work to convert Bailey House into an ancillary services building are ongoing, with spend of £0.960m in 2011/12. There has been some

slippage on the scheme following a decision regarding the location of the Regimental Museum and Archives. Works to both Bailey House and the Museum have been rescheduled and will extend until March 2013.

The Council is continuing to invest in its **ICT infrastructure (£3.711m)** as part of its Corporate ICT Strategy. The strategy is focussed on ensuring the Council is able to support effectively the services it delivers and promote new and innovative ways of working that will result in even greater efficiencies and effectiveness.

Other Investment Projects:

- A capital investment facility to support the build and roll out of high speed broadband access across South Yorkshire was completed (£1.864m). Following a review of the business by its shareholders, the Government awarded the Council a Capitalisation Direction of £6.28m which will be used to support Digital Region to continue in operation while a re-procurement to secure the future business is undertaken.
- The costs of capitalising Voluntary Severance costs (£1.096m) relating to the Council's Strategy for reducing its workforce in response to the significant reduction in Government funding.
- A capital contribution (£2m) was made to Rotherham NHS Foundation
 Trust to meet the provision of enhanced mortuary and body storage
 facilities at the hospital site. The purpose of this is to reduce revenue
 costs to the Council in future years, thereby discharging the Council's
 obligations to HM Coroner in the most cost effective way.
- A capital loan facility was made to Rotherham College of Arts and Technology (£4.971m) to help facilitate improved learning facilities at the Town Centre campus – all costs of the loan will be borne by the College, with no costs falling on the Council. In addition, a similar facility was approved for the purchase and subsequent re-development of properties on High Street, with £0.650m being drawn down in 2011/12 leaving a further £0.100m to be advanced in 2012/13.
- As part of the conclusion of the Council's strategic Partnership with BT Plc, ICT equipment and software were brought back into the ownership of the Council (£1.977m).

7.6 Funding of the Programme

The table shown below outlines the funding strategy associated with the schemes profiled above:

Funding	2011/12 Outturn	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15
	£m	£m	£m	£m
Supported Borrowing	0.369	0.193	0.188	0
Grants and	25.509	37.205	20.803	10.943
Contributions				
Revenue Contributions	1.222	1.194	8.667	7.485
Usable Capital	0.036	1.890	1.049	0.741
Receipts				
Prudential Borrowing	56.383	15.967	4.463	1.843
Major Repairs	10.464	20.003	19.480	20.142
Allowance				
Total	93.983	76.452	54.650	41.154

8. Finance

The financial implications are contained within the body of this report.

9. Risks & Uncertainties

The capital programme is funded through a number of sources: borrowing, both supported and unsupported (i.e. prudential borrowing), capital grants/contributions, major repairs allowance, revenue contributions and capital receipts. Any uncertainty over the funding of the programme rests on confirmation that grants/contributions and capital receipts continue to be available in coming years. The specific nature of these risks is outlined in greater detail above. Where funding sources are volatile in nature the risks will be managed by reviewing and where necessary amending the programme.

10. Policy and Performance Agenda Implications

The preparation of the Medium Term Financial Strategy incorporating a profiled capital programme and the associated revenue consequences, together with regular monitoring, highlights the Council's commitment to sound financial management.

11. Background Papers and Consultation

- Monitoring returns and budget setting details from Directorates.
- Government funding allocation letters.

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CHILDREN AND YOUNG PEOPLE'S CAPITAL PROGRAMME 2011/12 - 2014/15 FINANCIAL SUMMARY STATEMENT

CAPITAL INVESTMENT		ESTIMATED SPEND AND	FUNDING STATEMEN	Т
	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15
	£'000s	£'000s	£'000s	£'000s
PRIMARY				
HERRINGTHORPE PRIMARY	73	1		
ASTON FENCE TEMP CLASS REPLACEMENT	34			
SWINTON QUEEN NEW SCHOOL	709			
ANSTON PARK INFANT EXTENSION	1			
RAWMARSH MONKWOOD - EXTENSION	81			
MALTBY LILLEY HALL	96	4,000	410	62
MALTBY REDWOOD - FIRE ALARM		1		
MALTBY REDWOOD - SEN ADAPTATIONS	120			
THRYBERGH NEW KITCHEN	312			
DALTON FOLJAMBE DISABLED WC	2			
WENTWORTH C OF E EXTENSION	214	228		
BLACKBURN KITCHEN - FLOORING	9	1		
REDSCOPE KITCHEN - FLOORING	13			
ROCKINGHAM KITCHEN - FLOORING	15			
THORNHILL PRIMARY EXTENSION	19	831	50	
KILNHURST ST THOMAS EXTRA CLASSROOM		120		
BRAMLEY SUNNYSIDE - CREATE CLASSROOM	26		700	40
FLANDERWELL PRIMARY EXTENSION		100	790	10
SITWELL INFANTS NEW CLASSROOM		150		
KILNHURST PRIMARY KITCHEN		80		
SECONDARY				
SUPPORT TO SCHOOLS	234	100	100	100
ACCESS INITIATIVE	215	185	188	
MALTBY ACADEMY	78	6,500	4,523	
REDBARN HOUSE ADAPTATIONS	41	28		
WELCOME CENTRE ADAPTATTIONS	92			
SWINTON COMMUNITY SCHOOL IMPROVEMENTS		1,550	150	
SPECIAL				
THE WILLOWS FLOOD DAMAGE	2			
OLTY LEADANNO OFFITDEO				
CITY LEARNING CENTRES	400	07		
CLC RAWMARSH	133	67		
CLC WINTERHILL (OLD HALL)	211			
CLC WINTERHILL - EXTENSION	877			
CAPITALISED MINOR ENHANCEMENTS	3,460	3,231	2,850	2,650
MAINTENANCE SCHEMES				
RAWMARSH ASHWOOD KITCHEN		4		
SCHOOL KITCHEN REFURBISHMENT	2			
SITWELL EXTRACTION	42	6		
OTHER SCHEMES				
DFCG	2,272	1,822	853	853
ORCHARD CENTRE REFURBISHMENT	7	1,022		000
CHILDREN'S CENTRE MODIFICATION	'1			
KIMBERWORTH CO-LOCATION	6			
RIVERSIDE PRU	15			
ORCHARD CENTRE CONVERSION	84			
CHATHAM VILLAS REFURBISHMENT	189	,		
RAWMARSH MONKWOOD ROOF	6			
PROPERTY ADAPTATIONS	91	50	50	50
MOBILE YOUTH SERVICE BUSES	266			
CVDC CADITAL DDCCDAMME	40.040	00.004	0.004	0.700
CYPS CAPITAL PROGRAMME	10,048	20,231	9,964	3,725

SOURCES OF FUNDING	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15
	£'000s	£'000s	£'000s	£'000s
SUPPORTED CAPITAL EXPENDITURE (REVENUE)	347	185	188	
GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	9,259	19,986	9,726	3,675
REVENUE CONTRIBUTION	172			
USABLE CAPITAL RECEIPTS				
PRUDENTIAL BORROWING	270	60	50	50
EARMARKED RESERVES				
MAJOR REPAIRS ALLOWANCE				
CYPS CAPITAL PROGRAMME	10,048	20,231	9,964	3,725

EDS CULTURE AND LEISURE CAPITAL PROGRAMME 2011/12 - 2014/15 FINANCIAL SUMMARY STATEMENT

CAPITAL INVESTMENT	ESTIMATED SPEND AND FUNDING STATEMENT			
	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15
	£'000s	£'000s	£'000s	£'000s
MOWBRAY GARDENS LIBRARY	9			
MALTBY JOINT SERVICE CENTRE CAR PARK	77	24		
WHITE CITY LAUGHTON COMMON	42	2		
CLIFTON PARK-URBAN RESTORATION	16	284	111	
BOSTON PARK	861	139		
WHARF ROAD, KILNHURST	0	4		
ROSEHILL PARK	3			
ULLEY RESERVOIR REHABILITATION	1	91		
DUN STREET PLAY AREA	4	47		
WATH LIBRARY REFURBISHMENT	1	163		
THRYBERGH RESERVOIR STRATEGIC MAINTENANCE	17	76		
CATCLIFFE GLASS CONE FIRSBY RESERVOIR	0	47		
THRYBERGH COUNTRY PARK - SHOWERS REFURBISHMENT	7	133		
BRINSWORTH LIBRARY	1	499		
STRATEGIC REVIEW OF LIBRARIES	'	159		
CIVIC THEATRE ESSENTIAL REFURBISHMENT	10			
CIVIC THEATRE RENOVATION	4	536		
CULTURE AND LEISURE CAPITAL PROGRAMME	1,055	2,204	111	0

SOURCES OF FUNDING	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15
	£'000s	£'000s	£'000s	£'000s
SUPPORTED CAPITAL EXPENDITURE (REVENUE) GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS REVENUE CONTRIBUTION USABLE CAPITAL RECEIPTS PRUDENTIAL BORROWING EARMARKED RESERVES MAJOR REPAIRS ALLOWANCE OVERPROGRAMMING C/FWD	614 23 418	,		
CULTURE AND LEISURE CAPITAL PROGRAMME	1,055	2,204	111	0

EDS HIGHWAYS CAPITAL PROGRAMME 2011/12 to 2014/15 FINANCIAL SUMMARY STATEMENT

CAPITAL INVESTMENT	I	ESTIMATED SPEND AND FUNDING STATEMENT			
	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	
	£'000s	£'000s	£'000s	£'000s	
A57 IMPROVEMENTS	0	7,190	7,510		
LTP INTEGRATED TRANSPORT BLOCK	2,881	1,746	1,460	1,460	
LTP HIGHWAY MAINTENANCE	2,528	4,048	2,383	2,000	
REPLACEMENT/UPGRADE STREET LIGHT	655	650	650	650	
OTHER HIGHWAYS PROJECTS	626	2,700	1,210	3,060	
EDS HIGHWAYS CAPITAL PROGRAMME	6,690	16,334	13,213	7,170	

SOURCES OF FUNDING	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15
	£'000s	£'000s	£'000s	£'000s
SUPPORTED CAPITAL EXPENDITURE (REVENUE)	3			
GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	5,415	13,684	10,185	6,520
REVENUE CONTRIBUTION				
USABLE CAPITAL RECEIPTS	4.070	0.050	0.000	050
PRUDENTIAL BORROWING EARMARKED RESERVES	1,272	2,650	3,028	650
MAJOR REPAIRS ALLOWANCE				
OVERPROGRAMMING C/FWD				
EDS HIGHWAYS CAPITAL PROGRAMME	6,690	16,334	13,213	7,170

EDS ECONOMIC REGENERATION CAPITAL PROGRAMME 2011/12 - 2014/15 FINANCIAL SUMMARY STATEMENT

CAPITAL INVESTMENT	ESTIMATED SPEND AND FUNDING STATEMENT			
	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15
	£'000s	£'000s	£'000s	£'000s
MASTERPLAN BROOKFIELD PARK LANDSCAPING - MANVERS ROTHERHAM TOWNSCAPE HERITAGE INITIATIVES	40 537	28 902	24	
ROTHERHAM TOWNSCAPE HERITAGE INITIATIVES - PUBLIC REALM, HIGH STREET ROTHERHAM CENTRAL STATION ENVIRONMENT	101	108		
FLOOD ALLEVIATION CHANTRY BRIDGE FLOOD DEFENCE WHISTON BROOK PROPERTY LEVEL FLOOD PROTECTION - WHISTON HOLMES TAIL GOIT FLOOD ALLEVIATION WORKS PITHOUSE WEST CULVERT WORKS DRAINAGE WORKS DON STREET	627 3 211	61 6 212 290 627		
MAGNA & DINNINGTON BUSINESS INCUBATION CENTRES MAGNA BUSINESS INCUBATION DINNINGTON BUSINESS INCUBATION CENTRE	9	77		
WESTGATE DEMONSTRATOR PROJECT SITE 5 CONSTRUCTION	46			
ECONOMIC REGENERATION MINSTER GARDENS PUBLIC REALM (ALL SAINTS) WETMOOR LANE, WATH FOOTPATH MARKET PLACE PUBLIC REALM	288			
CRINOLINE HOUSE DEMOLITION	335	135		
EDS ECONOMIC REGENERATION CAPITAL PROGRAMME	2,234	2,446	24	0

SOURCES OF FUNDING				
	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15
	£'000s	£'000s	£'000s	£'000s
SUPPORTED CAPITAL EXPENDITURE (REVENUE)				
GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	1,233	1,046	24	
REVENUE CONTRIBUTION				
USABLE CAPITAL RECEIPTS				
PRUDENTIAL BORROWING	1,001	1,400		
EARMARKED RESERVES				
MAJOR REPAIRS ALLOWANCE				
OVERPROGRAMMING C/FWD				
EDS ECONOMIC REGENERATION CAPITAL PROGRAMME	2 234	2 446	24	

EDS - OTHER CAPITAL PROGRAMMES 2011/12 - 2014/15 FINANCIAL SUMMARY STATEMENT

CAPITAL INVESTMENT	E	ESTIMATED SPEND AND FUNDING STATEMENT				
	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15		
	£'000s	£'000s	£'000s	£'000s		
WASTE MANAGEMENT						
PFI RESIDUAL WASTE FACILITY RECYCLING BANKS/BINS FOR HOME WASTE RECYCLING MAGILLA HWRC	605 15 -2					
MINOR STRATEGIC HIGHTHORNE ROAD BARRIER ASSET INFORMATION DEVELOPMENT HEPWORTH DRIVE, ASTON MASON AVENUE, ASTON MONKSBRIDGE ROAD CULVERT RENEWAL BOOTS FOUNTAIN	1 8 60 17 -5 22	11 3 5				
MAINTENANCE INVESTMENT CENTENARY MARKETS ALARM SYSTEM	66					
ROTHERHAM ECONOMIC REGENERATION FUND TOWN CENTRE BUSINESS VITALITY SCHEME-PRIVATE PROPERTIES TOWN CENTRE BUSINESS VITALITY SCHEME-RMBC PROPERTIES	13 18	76 53				
GATEWAYS GATEWAYS (ADF) RYTON ROAD, NORTH ANSTON GATEWAYS (ADF) LAUGHTON ROAD, DINNINGTON	63 117					
EDS - OTHER CAPITAL PROGRAMMES	998	148				

SOURCES OF FUNDING	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15
	£'000s	£'000s	£'000s	£'000s
SUPPORTED CAPITAL EXPENDITURE (REVENUE)				
GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	197			
REVENUE CONTRIBUTION		_		
USABLE CAPITAL RECEIPTS	-7	5		
PRUDENTIAL BORROWING	808	143		
EARMARKED RESERVES				
MAJOR REPAIRS ALLOWANCE				
OVERPROGRAMMING C/FWD				
EDS - OTHER CAPITAL PROGRAMMES	998	148		

APPENDIX 2

SUMMARY EDS CAPITAL PROGRAMME 2011/12 - 2014/15

TOTAL EDS EXPENDITURE	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15
	£'000s	£'000s	£'000s	£'000s
	10,977	21,132	13,348	7,170

SOURCES OF FUNDING				
	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15
	£'000s	£'000s	£'000s	£'000s
SUPPORTED CAPITAL EXPENDITURE (REVENUE)	3			
GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	7,459	14,922	10,320	6,520
REVENUE CONTRIBUTION		14		
USABLE CAPITAL RECEIPTS	16	175		
PRUDENTIAL BORROWING	3,499	6,021	3,028	650
EARMARKED RESERVES				
MAJOR REPAIRS ALLOWANCE				
EDS CAPITAL PROGRAMME	10,977	21,132	13,348	7,170

NEIGHBOURHOODS & ADULT SERVICES CAPITAL PROGRAMME 2011/12 - 2014/15 FINANCIAL SUMMARY STATEMENT

CAPITAL INVESTMENT	ESTIMATED SPEND AND FUNDING STATEMENT			
	2011/12 £'000s	2012/13 £'000s	2013/14 £'000s	2014/15 £'000s
ADULT SERVICES				
ASSISTIVE TECHNOLOGY (PCT)	32			
MENTAL HEALTH SUPPORTED CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	19			
ADULT SOCIAL SERVICES SINGLE CAPITAL POT	86			
TRANSFORMATION IN ADULT SOCIAL CARE CAPITAL GRANT	36	64		
68 WELLGATE - MENTAL HEALTH PREMISES WEBROSTER LICENCES		34 10		
LORD HARDY COURT REHABILITATION EQUIPMENT AND CAPITAL WORKS		8		
IMPROVING COUNCIL HOUSING & HOUSING SERVICES				
REFURBISHMENT	4,011	10,914	16,969	16,50
REPLACEMENT WINDOWS ENVIRONMENTAL WORKS	199 369	290 500	440 1,500	440 1,500
DECENT HOMES VOID PROGRAMME	2,154	1,588	1,675	1,76
REPLACEMENT OF CENTRAL HEATING	1,110	500	500	500
ELECTRICAL BOARD & BOND	57	140	148	148
REPLACEMENT OF BOILERS		420	420	420
REPLACEMENT OF COMMUNAL DOORS (HIGH SECURITY)	109	300	300	303
COMMUNITY CENTRE IMPROVEMENTS (5 YR PROGRAMME)		250	150	150
COMMUNAL AERIAL REPLACEMENT (DIGITAL UPGRADE) ASBESTOS TESTING	11	10 270	10 100	10 100
ASBESTOS REMOVAL	171	100	100	100
LIFT REPLACEMENTS		100	100	100
FLAT DOOR REPLACEMENT	139	522	500	500
DISTRICT HEATING CONVERSIONS	180	300	200	200
COMMUNAL HALLWAYS INVESTMENT		100	100	100
ONE-OFF PROPERTIES	321	300	350	350
BOUNDARY WALL TREATMENTS GENERAL STRUCTURES		150	200 150	200 150
EPC IMPROVEMENTS		410	475	475
ENERGY PERFORMANCE CERTIFICATES	87	410	475	473
NEW IT SYSTEMS		550	250	
NON-TRADITIONAL INVESTMENT	1,146	1,289	1,400	1,400
HRA REFORM	15,188			
FAIR ACCESS TO ALL				
DISABLED FACILITIES GRANT (PRIVATE SECTOR) DISABLED ADAPTATIONS (PUBLIC SECTOR)	1,821 1,281	1,620 1,650	1,039 1,780	1,039 1,878
·	,,==1	.,	.,	,,
NEIGHBOURHOOD REGENERATION & RENEWAL HOME ASSISTANCE LOANS	20			
MALTBY TRANSFORMATIONAL CHANGE	90	50		
DINNINGTON TRANSFORMATIONAL CHANGE	58	240		
PRIVATE SECTOR INTERVENTION	111			
CANKLOW PHASE 1 & 2	535	560	450	450
BELLOWS ROAD SERVICE CENTRE CLEARANCE	100	307	308	
SHIP INN DEMOLITION	45	45		
OCCUPATION ROAD CLEARANCE PROJECT WHITE BEAR, WATH	63	45		
ALLEY GATING SCHEMES	62 55			
SHELTERED HOUSING MODIFICATIONS	189			
GARAGE SITE INVESTMENT	171	300	200	200
SELF BUILD PLOTS - TREETON		80		
CUSTOM BUILD - PILOT PROJECT		65		
SITE DEVELOPMENT		100		
HOMES & COMMUNITIES AGENCY NEW BUILD				
WOOD STREET/SCHOOL STREET PHASE 1	566			
NEWLAND AVE/STONE PARK CL/ALBERT RD PHASE 2	1,437			
ALBANY ROAD/ROTHERVIEW RD PHASE 3	3,961			
WHITEHILL ROAD, BRINSWORTH PHASE 4	654			
NEIGHBOURHOODS IMPROVEMENTS NON-HIP PROGRAMME AIR QUALITY GRANT				
AIR QUALITY GRANT AIR QUALITY EQUIPMENT/SOFTWARE	6	8 30	9	
AIR QUALITY EQUIPMENT/SOFTWARE LANDFILL SITES	100	224	340	9
NEIGHBOURHOODS & ADULT SERVICES CAPITAL PROGRAMME	36,687	24,398	30,063	28,98

SOURCES OF FUNDING				
SOURCES OF FUNDING	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15
	£'000s	£'000s	£'000s	£'000s
SUPPORTED CAPITAL EXPENDITURE (REVENUE)	19	8		
GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	5,100	1,445	757	748
REVENUE CONTRIBUTION	1,050	950	8,437	7,255
USABLE CAPITAL RECEIPTS	20	1,715	1,049	741
PRUDENTIAL BORROWING	20,034	277	340	98
EARMARKED RESERVES				
MAJOR REPAIRS ALLOWANCE	10,464	20,003	19,480	20,142
NEIGHBOURHOODS & ADULT SERVICES CAPITAL PROGRAMME	36,687	24,398	30,063	28,984

RESOURCES CAPITAL PROGRAMME 2011/12 -2014/15 FINANCIAL SUMMARY STATEMENT

CAPITAL INVESTMENT	E	ESTIMATED SPEND AND FUNDING STATEMENT			
	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	
	£'000s	£'000s	£'000s	£'000s	
ASSET MANAGEMENT RAWMARSH CSC TOWN CENTRE DESIGN WORK RIVERSIDE HOUSE ACCESS IMPROVEMENT PROGRAMME DONCASTER GATE PROCUREMENT/CAPITAL ANCILLARY SERVICES BUILDING ICT ICT STRATEGY	4,931 81 12,270 12 5 960	2 7 830			
ICT STRATEGY (2) ICT REFRESH DEFINE WEB STRATEGY	2,278 527 62	700	575 700	575 700	
OTHER PROJECTS DIGITAL REGION - SUPERFAST BROADBAND CAPITALISED REDUNDANCY COSTS NEW MORTUARY BUILDING & FACILITIES RCAT INVESTMENT FACILITY COMMUNITY STADIUM LOAN FACILITY HIGH STREET REDEVELOPMENT FACILITY EQUAL PAY CLAIMS RIVERSIDE HOUSE STAMP DUTY RBT ASSET PURCHASE INNOVATION CENTRE	8,144 1,096 2,000 4,971 650 -5,289 702 1,977 50	5,000 100			
RESOURCES CAPITAL PROGRAMME	36,271	10,691	1,275	1,275	

SOURCES OF FUNDING				
	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15
	£'000s	£'000s	£'000s	£'000s
SUPPORTED CAPITAL EXPENDITURE (REVENUE)				
GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	3,691	852		
REVENUE CONTRIBUTION		230	230	230
USABLE CAPITAL RECEIPTS				
PRUDENTIAL BORROWING	32,580	9,609	1,045	1,045
EARMARKED RESERVES				
MAJOR REPAIRS ALLOWANCE				
RESOURCES CAPITAL PROGRAMME	36,271	10,691	1,275	1,275

ROTHERHAM BOROUGH COUNCIL - REPORT TO CABINET

1.	Meeting:	Cabinet
2.	Date:	4 th July 2012
3.	Title:	Revenue Account Outturn 2011/12
4.	Directorate:	Resources

5. Summary

- In 2011/12 the Council budgeted to spend £219.622m on its General Fund Revenue Account. Actual spending for the year was £217.618m, a saving against budget of £2.004m (or -0.91%). Of this, £0.494m is accounted for by surpluses on trading accounts, leaving a net underspend of £1.510m.
- In addition, the Delegated Schools' Budget was £178.127m. Actual spend against this was £173.596m, an underspend of £4.531m for the year which has been added to Schools' Reserves which at 31st March 2012 stood at £7.654m.
- The Housing Revenue Account in 2011/12 was **budgeted** to make a contribution to the HRA General Reserve of £4.613m. Actual contribution to this Reserve was £5.555m (£0.942m additional contribution).
- This is a very positive outturn positive, especially given the challenges faced inyear, not least on the Children & Young People's Services Budget. It is a result of the hard work of both elected Members and staff in managing reducing levels of funding at a time of increasing service need, and also the generally good financial management on the part of budget holders.
- Reflecting the above out-turn position, and assuming the recommendations in this report are approved, the Council's Revenue Reserves as at 31 March 2012 were: General Fund Reserves available and uncommitted to support the Budget £7.494m and Earmarked Reserves (including Schools and HRA Reserves) £42.998m.

6. Recommendations

That Cabinet:

- 1. Note the Council's General Fund, Schools' and the Housing Revenue Account (HRA) Revenue Outturn Position Statements for 2011/12.
- 2. Note the level of the Council's Revenue Reserves as at 31 March 2012.

- 3. Approve the carrying forward of underspends on Trading Services (£493,719) and requests for carrying forward of specific items (£482,852) in accordance with the Council's approved policy; and
- 4. Approve the waiving of the Council's policy of carrying forward 20% of the underspends from 2011/12 and agree the supplementary allocation of £875,000 to support Children's Services in 2012/13. (Details included in a separate report on this Cabinet agenda).

7. Proposals and Details

7.1 Revenue Outturn 2011/12

Rotherham's Net Revenue Budget (excluding Delegated Schools' Budget £178.127m) for the 2011/12 financial year was £219.622m. Actual spending was £217.618m, resulting in an under-spend of £2.004m (or -0.91%). In addition to this, the Delegated Schools' Budget was underspent by £4.531m.

The Revenue Out-turn position is analysed by Directorate at <u>Appendix 1</u> with the principal reasons for the variations set out in <u>Appendix 2</u>. More detailed Directorate Outturn reports have been presented to individual Cabinet Members for their portfolio areas of responsibility.

Delivering such a positive outturn position belies the budget challenges faced by the Council in 2011/12. As well as managing the significant Coalition Government funding reductions, budget monitoring has consistently identified significant financial pressures of between £4m to £5m, mostly in relation to social care for children.

In spite of these significant pressures and commitments, the Council has managed to achieve, through taking a proactive series of management actions and careful financial management, a positive financial out-turn. Excluding the position on schools, there is a net underspend of £2.004m (-0.91%) on the Council's Net Revenue Budget. This reflects the Council's continued prudent and sustainable approach to financial management.

As part of the process of reconfiguring and rationalising its services in order to meet the challenges facing it both in 2011/12 and future years, the Council offered the option of a voluntary severance scheme during the financial year. By the 31st March 2012, 336 employees had left or had been given approval to leave the Council under the terms of its Voluntary Severance arrangements (that is Voluntary Early Retirement, Voluntary Redundancy, Phased Retirement and Redeployment). This is in addition to the 483 employees who left the Council in the same manner in 2010/11.

In total the Voluntary Severance scheme cost £5.8m last year. This was composed of severance payments of £4.3m and £1.5m in pensions strain payments to the South Yorkshire Pensions Authority. These costs were met corporately by means of:

- Using successful Capitalisation Direction bids to DCLG £1.1m;
- A Provision included in 2010/11 accounts £1.7m; and
- The remaining costs were financed using resources freed up by accounting opportunities.

7.2 Schools' Budgets

Schools' budgets totalled £178.127m last year. Spending against these budgets came to £173.596m, an underspend of £4.531m which was transferred into Schools' Balances. Schools' Balances (including declared savings of £0.295m) stood at £7.654m as at 31st March 2012. The Department for Education (DfE) makes it clear, that schools are autonomous and self-managing and as such, within set guidelines the use of balances is under their control.

7.3 Housing Revenue Account (HRA)

The outturn position for the HRA showed a surplus for the year of £5.555m, which increased the HRA General Reserve to £8.327m as at 31st March 2012. The Service was budgeted to increase reserves in 2011/12 by £4.613m. This expected level of contribution was exceeded by £0.942m. The principal reasons for the above budget increase in the General Reserve are summarised in **Appendix 2.**

The HRA General Reserve has been increased in 2011/12 to partially address investment shortfalls identified in the early years of the HRA business plan.

The 30 year Business Plan (under the Government's Self Financing Regime) has been updated to reflect the Outturn position and revised reserves position so as to provide a more up to date forecast of the potential future investment levels in the Council's housing stock.

7.4 Carry Forward of Balances into 2012/13

The following treatment of year end balances is proposed:

• Trading services

The Council's existing practice of carrying forward 100% of surpluses and deficits will continue and these will be taken into account in future year's business plans.

One-off or specific project budgets

In cases where there are exceptional items of expenditure e.g. large one-off items or earmarked funding for special projects or developments, an application and supporting case has to be made to SLT to recommend to Cabinet the carry forward of 100% of any unspent balance at the end of the financial year if the project remains to be completed.

The outturn position for 2011/12 now reported reflects the position before the approval of the carry forward of trading services and specific balances. **Appendix 3** shows the position under each of these categories and the supporting case for their application to carry forward one-off or specific project budgets.

SLT has considered the requests for carry forward and recommends to Cabinet that all requests are approved. These total £0.977m composed of: £0.494m in respect of traded services and £0.483m relating to one-off or exceptional items.

Proposed Support for Children's Services in 2012/13

An ongoing review of Children's Services has identified that for 2012/13 an estimated financial pressure of £875k exists which cannot be contained within current Budget. Cabinet is asked to waive the policy of approving the carry forward of 20% of Directorate level underspends for use by Directorates in the new financial year and to approve that £875k be allocated as additional funding to support Children's Social Care Services in 2012/13. Details underpinning this request are included in a separate report on this Cabinet agenda.

Reserves (including Schools and HRA)

As at 31st March the Council had £52.593m in its reserves of which £7.654m was ring fenced for Schools and £11.699m for the HRA Reserves (of which £8.327m is in the HRA General Reserve) leaving the Council with General Fund Reserves of £33.240m. This total is composed of uncommitted reserves that can be drawn on, if required, to support the Council's budget and earmarked reserves set aside to meet specific needs and purposes which are ring-fenced to particular services.

Reserves to Support the General Fund Revenue Budget:

General Fund Reserves are held in order to protect the Council against unforeseen costs and contingencies and to mitigate financial risks. In order to ensure that a prudent level of balances is held the value of balances is risk assessed annually as part of the budget setting process. Reflecting the outturn position and after assuming that the carry forward requests and additional funding to CYPS are approved, £7.494m of the General Fund Reserve is available to support future years' budgets. This figure is equivalent to about 3.5% of the Council's Net Revenue Budget which is in line with the Council's Financial Plan and is deemed to be at a prudent level.

Earmarked Reserves

At the end of the 2011/12 financial year the Council's earmarked reserves stood at £42.998m comprising:

- Schools' Balances of £7.654m;
- HRA Reserves of £11.699m;
- PFI Reserve (£13.750m) to even out future contractual payments over the life of the Schools and Leisure PFI schemes;
- Commutation Adjustment Reserve (£8.394m) to meet future debt repayment costs;
- Insurance Reserve (£0.697m) to meet future claim liabilities; and
- Other Earmarked Reserves (£0.804m).

Cabinet is asked to note the level of the Council's Revenue Reserves as at 31 March 2012.

8. Finance

In total, the Council budgeted to spend £397.749m on its General Fund Revenue Account in 2011/12, (excluding Schools' Budgets the total was £219.622m). The actual spend was £391.214m; an underspend of £6.535m or -1.64% less than budget. This is made up of the following:

	-6.535	-1.64
Schools Delegated Budgets	-4.531	-2.54
General Fund (excl. Schools Delegated Budgets)	-2.004	-0.91
	£m	%

The summarised effect of this outturn position on the Council's reserves has been set out above in the Reserves section of this report.

Cabinet is asked to support the following proposed treatment of the non-schools unspent 2011/12 General Fund balance:

General Fund (Non-Schools) Outturn Balance
- transferred to General Fund Reserves

£2.004m

Less:

Carry forward of Traded Services Carry Forward requests for specific projects/purposes Allocation to support Children's Social Care Services in 2012/13	£0.494m £0.483m £0.875m
Balance available to support budget	£0.152m

9. Risks and Uncertainties

Decisions about the level of resources (including reserves) that are deployed to deliver the Council's priorities involve risk and uncertainty. However, the impact of unforeseen circumstances and adverse variances against budget can be minimised by continuing improvements in financial management, including the more effective management of financial risks.

10. Policy and Performance Agenda Implications

Approval with regard to the carry forward requests for Traded Services and for specific projects/purposes and the proposed use of the 2011/12 outturn underspend should be given as soon as possible so as to give certainty to the final level of approved budget for the current (2012/13) financial year.

11. Background Papers and Consultation

Cabinet Reports

- Proposed Revenue Budget and Council Tax for 2011/12, 23rd February, 2011
- Revenue and Capital Budget Monitoring reports to SLT and Cabinet.

Other Documents

Statement of Accounts 2011/12

Contact Name: Andrew Bedford, Strategic Director of Resources, ext:22002, andrew.bedford@rotherham.gov.uk

APPENDIX 1

<u>Directorate</u>	<u>Budget</u>	Out-Turn	Surplus/	<u>Trading</u>	Non-
	£	£	<u>Deficit</u> £	£	Trading £
C&YPS	37,209,419	41,325,951	+4,116,532	-132,956	+4,249,488
EDS	40,092,739	39,099,350	-993,389		-993,389
Adult Social Services	76,530,053	73,987,473	-2,542,580		-2,542,580
Neighbourhoods	3,344,649	2,835,202	<u>-509,447</u>	<u>-40,091</u>	<u>-469,356</u>
NAS	79,874,702	76,822,675	-3,052,027	-40,091	-3,011,936
(Former) Chief Executive Services	10,814,265	10,834,447	+20,182		+20,182
Asset Management	4,370,092	4,036,552	-333,540		-333,540
Financial Services	<u>3,261,116</u>	<u>2,727,390</u>	<u>-533,726</u>	<u>-320,672</u>	<u>-213,054</u>
Resources	18,445,473	17,598,389	-847,084	-320,672	-526,412
Central and Other Services	43,999,667	42,772,100	-1,227,567		-1,227,567
TOTAL (Excl Schools)	219,622,000	217,618,465	-2,003,535	-493,719	-1,509,816
Schools' Budgets	178,126,779	173,595,683	-4,531,096		-4,531,096
TOTAL	397,748,779	391,214,148	-6,534,631	-493,719	-6,040,912

APPENDIX 2 - EXPLANATION OF MAJOR BUDGET VARIATIONS IN 2011/12

Children & Young People's Services

The Children and Young People's service (excluding schools) spent £4.117m above budget in 2011/12. After allowing for the carry forward of the trading surplus on the Schools Catering Services account (-£133k), the overspend compared with budget was £4.249m. The key reasons for the variations to budget are:

- Youth and Community the service overspent by £84k due to an underrecovery of income within Outdoor Education (+£46K) which is attributable to the difficult economic climate and staff cost pressures (+£65K) and additional premises expenditure (£34K) due to the timing of closures or release of properties from the Youth Service. These pressures were partly offset by non-recruitment to a vacant post within Adult Community Learning (-£10K) and additional income received from NHS Rotherham (-£51K).
- Commissioning and Social Work services were overspent by £749k mainly due to agency staffing costs. It should, however, be noted that through the successful recruitment to vacant social worker posts the service has managed to reduce agency costs by £1.064m from that experienced in 2010/11.
- Children Looked After services which consist of residential and foster care services (both in house and provided through the independent sector) have experienced significant financial pressures and overspent by £3.261m. This continues the trend from 2010/11.

Although the Council has managed to reduce the number of looked after children by 7 to 383 over the last 12 month period, there has not been a similar cost reduction due mostly to:

- An increase in the number of children placed with independent foster carers (131 at the end of 2011/12 compared to 108 at the end of 2010/11, an increase of 23 children) due to a lack of in house capacity to absorb those leaving Residential Placements; and
- Increased use of Special Guardianships and Residence Orders which under the current policy allows the carer to maintain the current level of financial support for 2 years even though the child is no longer regarded as being looked after.

It should be noted that through renegotiation of contracts and the introduction of a Framework Agreement for Independent Foster Care placements, £0.707m costs have been avoided.

- Support Services and Management Costs were overspent by £730k largely due to Legal costs (+£757K) which are needs led and exceeded budgetary provision in 2011/12. This is partially offset by under spends due to staff slippage (-£27K).
- The above pressures were partially mitigated through the flexible allocation of grant underspends (-£575K).

Environment and Development Services

The overall service out-turn position was £0.993m below budget. The main variations against budget were:

- Business Support Unit achieved an underspend of £0.112m as a result of managed vacancies, the moratorium on spend and a tightening of the Training programme.
- Regeneration, Planning and Cultural Services £0.702m underspend as a result of a council wide review of non-essential spend and staff taking up the voluntary retirement/severance offer. The Service Director has been able to report under spends on most budget heads, including Business Centres (-£161k) and Markets (-£101k). Operationally, a decision to limit expenditure on the Libraries Materials Fund has created a one off saving (-£334k). Transportation Services have also been able to offer a greater saving due to higher than anticipated trading activity (-£123k). Costs in excess of budget for former RBT services (+£17k) were also incurred within Cultural Services.
- An earmarked request for carry forward of £163,746 for Culture and Leisure has been requested for Bar Park, Third Party Funding and the Materials Fund. These are included in the figures above, together with a request to draw £155,000 during 2012/13 from Reserves for maintenance of the Business Centres. Details are included in Appendix 3.
- Streetpride (including Leisure and Green Spaces) £0.179m underspend has been achieved in spite of some significant service pressures. The winter maintenance budget which provides for a below average winter was overspent by £225k, mainly due to a period of severe weather in early December. Parking services under-recovered their income budget (+£125k) while delivering some savings by reducing spend to mitigate its position. Stores and Corporate Budgets also incurred costs in excess of budget for former RBT charging arrangements (+£179k). Streetpride have been able to report an under spend against budget due to the adherence of officers to only spend on essential items or services. There have been some key savings made within Waste Management (-£594k) due to lower than expected disposal costs in the final quarter, and within Network Management some small variances across Drainage, Street Lighting, Streetworks and Enforcement, Public Rights of Way and Adoptions and Searches have yielded a saving (-£142k). Other minor under and overspends within Streetpride net to a £28k overspend.

Neighbourhoods and Adult Services

Adult Services

The Adult Services outturn **delivered an underspend of £2.543m against budget**. The key variations within each service area can be summarised as follows:

• Adults General were underspent by -£326k mainly due to slippage in the use of additional funding from health for the further development of services for Carers (-£286k). There were also net savings due to the moratorium on printing, postage and stationary spend (-£40k).

• Older People's Services were -£901k underspent mainly due to the additional income received from health in the last quarter of the financial year in respect of support for the winter period and additional funding for Carers (-£1.148m). There were savings in respect of a number of vacant social work posts within Assessment and Care Management and Transport (-£267k), an overall underspend on the Intermediate Care pooled budget (-£33k) mainly in respect of slippage on employee costs and an underspend on independent sector residential and nursing care due to 11 fewer placements than planned, additional income from health and increased income from property charges (-£159k). Additional income was also received from transport fees and charges during the year (-£34k).

However, the underspend was reduced by an overall overspend on Home Care provision (+£199k) due to an increase in average weekly hours provided. There was also an increase in clients (+60) receiving a Direct Payment (+£227k) and a recurrent budget shortfall on income from In House residential care fees (+£234k) and an overspend on agency staffing costs to cover sickness absence(+£80k).

- Learning Disability services were £552K underspent mainly as a result of slippage on developing new supported living schemes (-£166k), contract efficiency savings negotiated with service providers (-£112k) and additional income from health (-£248k). There were also underspends due to vacancies within Assessment and Care Management and Community Teams (-£147k). These were reduced by a net overspend on residential and nursing care budgets due to additional demand for placements and a reduction in continuing health care income (+£119k) and other minor overspends (+£2k).
- Mental Health Services were £1k underspent. The main pressure during the year was the continued increase in uptake on Direct Payments (+£214k), which was mitigated by savings on Community Support budgets (-£196k) as clients in these services moved to a direct payment.

There were also pressures on the out of hours service and the use of agency to cover vacant posts (+£97k). These overspends were offset by additional income from health towards the funding of residential care placements (-£66k) plus efficiency savings negotiated with the service provider for supported living (-£28k).

Other savings across Mental Health services amounted to -£22k.

• Physical and Sensory Disabilities were £340k underspent. The main pressure during the year was a continued increase in number of clients (+22) receiving independent sector home care (+£300k). This overspend was offset by slippage on new investments to provide alternatives to residential care (-£356k), efficiency savings on voluntary sector contracts (-£41k) and underspends on Assistive Technology (-£170k) due to additional income from health. There was also an underspend against approved budget on employee costs due to the reconfiguration at Grafton House including an increase in income from client contributions (-£93k). These savings were slightly offset by service wide overspends of £20k.

- Adult Safeguarding services were £149k underspent due to difficulties recruiting to vacant posts during the year plus health funding for mental health capacity.
- Supporting People services were £274k underspent. Efficiency savings achieved as part of meeting the budget reductions agreed for 2012-13 including underspends on subsidy contracts that are based on actual activity incurred during the year.

Neighbourhoods

The net outturn for Neighbourhood services shows an underspend of £0.509m. The key variations can be summarised as follows:

- Safer Neighbourhoods was underspent (£135k) predominantly due to savings achieved as a result of vacant posts and Voluntary Severance/Retirement in addition to the careful controls in place on nonessential expenditure
- Business Regulation was underspent (£96k) mainly as a result of vacancy management throughout the year (£45k) and some additional one-off income within Food & Drugs area and increased income within the Bereavement Service.
- Neighbourhood Investments was underspent (£11k) as a result of a vacant post within the Energy Advice service (£8k) and some small savings as a result of interest received through the Equity Loan Scheme.
- Neighbourhood Partnerships had an overall underspend of £54k. This
 included an underspend of -£28k as a result of Members Allocations not being
 fully spent in the year within Community Leadership Fund. A request to support
 carry-forward of £19,620 was submitted on 2nd April to Cabinet Member for
 Community Development, Equality and Young Persons Issues (Ref minute
 number 58).

Other savings (-£26k) were achieved through the moratorium on non-essential spend and through tight vacancy management.

- Housing Access was underspent by £31k predominantly achieved through the tight management of vacant posts.
- Housing Choices was underspent by £182k mainly due to additional rent income and the flexible use of grant and external funding. In addition, there was an underspend of (£58k) for the cost of Lighting of Communal Buildings mainly due to a number of late refunds relating to previous year's costs; and the Dispersed Unit generated a surplus in excess of budget of £40,091. It is proposed that this service is treated as a Trading Account from 2012/13. (Further details are included in Appendix 3)

Resources

• (Former) Chief Executive Services – overall there was a net overspend (£20k) for these services. Legal Services were overspent by £303k compared with budget largely due to the part year effect of staff leaving the Service. This was significantly offset by savings within Commissioning, Policy and Performance (£253k) and Human Resources (£30k).

£146k of the Commissioning, Policy and Performance saving is being requested for carry-forward, the largest proportion of this being the underspend on the Rotherham Partnership account (-£95k). See Appendix 3 for more details.

- Financial Services was underspent against budget (£495k). This includes a net surplus (-£321k) on schools traded services which will be carried forward into 2012/13. (See Appendix 3). The balance (-£174k) is due to additional income and savings through the moratorium on non-essential spend.
- Internal Audit and Governance was underspent (£39k) due to the moratorium on non-essential spend.
- Asset Management was underspent by £334k. The key areas of underspend included Health and safety (-£37k) due largely to the moratorium on non-essential spend, Building Cleaning (-£128k) where there was a significant reduction in staffing costs and additional income generated, Fee Billing (-£93k) due to reduced staff costs following the service restructure, Miscellaneous Fees (-£162k) due to a reduced level of stock condition surveys being undertaken, School Crossing Patrols (-£21k) due to staffing vacancies and a -£5k saving due to the moratorium on non-essential spend with Facilities Services.

The above underspends were partially offset by overspends on Caretaking services (+£27k) due to additional staffing costs incurred for the joint operation of Riverside House and other Council Buildings prior to the decant to Riverside and pressures around the Management and disposal of Commercial Properties including reduced commercial property rental income (+£27k). There were a number of other minor pressures across the whole service which collectively amounted to +£58k.

Central and Other Services

Overall these services **contributed a net saving to the 2011/12 Outturn of £1.228m**. Key pressures and savings within this were:

- The net cost of the Voluntary Severance Scheme (after allowing for costs which were capitalised and provided for) +£2.797m.
- There was slippage on the delivery of 2011/12 budgeted Review savings (+£3.493m) consisting of; Management and Admin (+£839k), Customers Services (+£250k), Shared Services (+£500k), Localities & Premises (+£500k), and Commissioning (+£104k).
- Corporate Land Bank Pressures of £282k and pressures associated with a slightly later than estimated completion of the partnership with BT (+£755k).

The above pressures were mitigated through: Slippage against the Riverside House budget (-£2.416m); Waste Management procurement costs capitalisation (-£555k); use of Council Earmarked Reserves (-£1.1m) approved at Cabinet on 8th February 2012, the Council Contingency budget (-£600k); and delivery of Accounting Opportunities (-£3.881m).

Housing Revenue Account (HRA)

The Housing Revenue Account **budgeted** to make a contribution to reserves of £4.613m. Actual contribution to reserves was £5.555m; £0.942m above budget.

The principal reasons for the £0.942m additional contribution to the HRA General Reserve were:

- Additional rent income (£179k);
- Additional income from charges for services and facilities (£340k);
- Additional Subsidy (Major Repairs Allowance) (£5k);
- Additional Interest received (£48k); and
- Net expenditure less than budget mainly relating to management and supervision costs (£370k).

<u>APPENDIX 3 - CARRY FORWARD OF REVENUE BUDGET UNDER-SPENDS AND OVER-SPENDS IN 2011/12</u>

Carry Forward of Traded Balances (£493,719)

In accordance with the 9th April 2008 Cabinet decision to carry forward 100% of traded services surplus and deficits and be included in future years' business plans, the following trading service balances will be carried forward in to 2012/13 financial year.

C&YPS

• £132,956

Schools Catering Service (Trading surplus). It should be noted that this service has been in deficit since 2007/08 with a deficit in excess of £200,000. The service entered 2011/12 with a cumulative deficit of £11,029 to recover. It has significantly exceeded its target to bring the service back into a balanced position.

NAS

• £40,091

This is the trading surplus on the Dispersed and Furnished Units service which provides emergency overnight accommodation. Income from the weekly charge from occupied units is used to contribute to replace fixtures, furniture and furnishings within the temporary units for the homeless and is ring-fenced to the service area. Due to the nature of what the properties are used for it is difficult to estimate the occupancy, thus the income levels that may be generated throughout the year are reinvested into the upkeep of the properties and to cover operational costs, any reserve that is generated at year end is used the following year to maintain property standards and to supplement any short fall in income due to under occupancy of the units in year. This service sits alongside the furnished accommodation scheme operated in the HRA to help support the establishment of vulnerable tenancies.

Financial Services

- £231,999 This surplus relates to the Schools' Staff Sickness Insurance Scheme which provides financial compensation to schools which need to employ additional staff to cover their own staff's absence.
- £88,673 This surplus is for Schools' Finance Traded Service which provides financial management and professional support and advice to Head Teachers and Governing Bodies in managing their financial resources

Carry Forward of One-off or specific project budgets

As previously indicated, the existing policy requires that in the case of exceptional items of expenditure, an application and supporting case be made to SLT to recommend to Cabinet the carry forward of 100% of any unspent balance at the end of the financial year.

These requests are set out below by Directorate:

EDS

The carry forward of underspends totalling £319k is requested. These underspends have been included in the Directorate outturn disclosed in this report.

•	£10,000	In respect of legal fees to be incurred in the transfer of Bar
		Park from Sheffield City Council.
•	£18,716	Third Party Funded spending, committed, but not spent in
		2011/12.
•	£134,000	Materials Fund underspend to be used in 2012/13 at the
		two newly opened Libraries.
•	£155,000	To be used for Maintenance work at the Business Centres
		throughout the Borough.

Neighbourhoods

• £19,620	Community Leadership Fund - the Members Community
	Leadership Fund had an under spend of £28k at the year
	end. It was agreed on 2 nd April at Cabinet Member
	meeting for Community Development and Equality and
	Young Persons Issues to request to Cabinet a carry
	forward of £19,620,for use in 2012/13.

Resources

Carry forwards are requested for the following, mainly grant funded activities:

• £95,362	Funding for the Rotherham Partnership is provided by organisations like the South Yorkshire Police, the Chamber of Commerce, NHS Rotherham, Rotherham Hospitals, Voluntary Action Rotherham and Thomas Rotherham and Dearne Valley Colleges.
• £12,765	Migration Impact Fund grant not spent in 2011/12.
• £20,000	Community Cohesion – Prevent and Cohesion funding
• £10,648	Community Grants for Jubilee Parties in June 2012
• £6,741	International Events – to fund commitments for events in 2012/13.

TOTAL

• £976,571 Of this, £493,719 relates to trading accounts and £482,852 to specific balances.

ROTHERHAM BOROUGH COUNCIL - REPORT TO CABINET

1)	Meeting:	CABINET
2)	Date:	4th July 2012
3)	Title:	CYPS Budget 2012/13
4)	Directorate:	Children & Young People's Service and Resources

5 Summary

This report presents a strategy for ensuring that the Children & Young People's Service has a budget which is adequately resourced. Delivery of that Budget will require change in the way services are configured, and work is already well in hand to effect that change, led by staff in CYPS Directorate. Furthermore, Council-wide resource is being marshalled to support CYPS staff in the implementation of change. Details of the headline pressures within the Children and Young People's Service budget and the actions implemented, or to be implemented to mitigate the pressures are also set out in this report. Appendix 1 provides an analysis of the Directorate's further proposed savings and progress against delivery of these savings, with an assessment of risk.

The Directorate's Budget Savings are monitored through an 'Action Plan' which is maintained on an ongoing basis with progress considered at the fortnightly Directorate Leadership Team meetings, with the Chief Executive and Strategic Director of Resources attending these meetings once a month.

6 Recommendations

Cabinet is asked to:

- Note the proposed actions to mitigate CYPS Directorate pressures and to ensure that expectations regarding service delivery can be achieved within the approved budget
- Note the progress to date regarding delivery of savings as shown in Appendix 1
- Approve the use of Council 2011/12 underspends to finance the one-year-only residual pressures within the CYPS 2012/13 Budget.

7 Proposals and Details

- 7.1 Children & Young People's Directorate have experienced significant pressures over recent years. The Service overspent by £3.99m in 2009/10, underspent by £0.1m in 2010/11 (however this was after additional in-year budget approval of £5.1m) and has a forecast overspend of circa £4.25m for 2011/12.
- 7.2 Regionally, one of the major pressures on Council budgets has been the high number of children looked after. During 2011 the overall level rose by 4.37%. In the same period the number in Rotherham fell by 2.04% largely due to efforts to increase the number of in house foster placements and effective multi agency management action. Had this not happened the 2011/12 outturn would have shown an even more significant deficit
- 7.3 During the Budget Setting process for 2012/13 it was recognised that due to the significance of the ongoing pressures within CYPS services, any Directorate savings would not assist in closing the Council's funding gap but would instead, and no less importantly, be used to mitigate spend in excess of the Directorate's budget. (Service 'Cost Reductions').
- 7.4 In addition to the 'cost reductions' approved as part of setting the Council's 2012/13 budget, a number of additional savings have been identified which further help to mitigate CYPS service pressures. The current position is summarised as follows:

	£'000	
Headline Pressure before approved 'Cost Reductions'	5,107	
Trouble to the state of the sta	0,101	
Less: 'Cost reductions' approved during 2012/13 Budget Setting	(1,575)	
Pressure after 'Cost Reductions'	3,532	
Less: Further Savings Proposals (See Appendix 1 below)	(2,257)	
Less: Contribution from Health (Health and Well Being Strategy –see 7.5 below)	(400)	
Revised Forecast Pressure (2012/13)		

- As a result of recent negotiations with Health in relation to the Health and Well-being Strategy a contribution of £400k has been agreed for the current year to support the Directorate thus reducing the 'revised forecast pressure' above to £875k. The Directorate continues to identify further options to mitigate this including savings as a result of additional staff leaving through retirement or voluntary severance.
- 7.6 In addition to the savings included in the table above (£1.575m and £2.257m) the Directorate is also required to deliver further planned savings of £1.364m relating to savings included in the Medium Term

Financial Strategy (MTFS) proposed and agreed in previous budget rounds. (This is in line with the expectations of the other three Directorates of the Council.) These actions will ensure that the CYPS Budget will be in balance by 2013/14. The forecast pressure for 2012/13 of £875,000 is therefore a one-year-only pressure.

- 7.7 The Directorate has developed and is maintaining a Budget Savings Action Plan to track progress on delivery of the savings. Progress against the Action Plan is considered at fortnightly Directorate's Leadership Team (DLT) meetings. The Chief Executive and Strategic Director of Resources also attend these meetings on a monthly basis.
- 7.8 Delivery of that Budget will require change in the way services are configured, and work is already well in hand to effect that change, led by staff in CYPS Directorate. Furthermore, significant Council-wide resource is being marshalled to support CYPS staff in the implementation of change.
- 7.9 It is proposed that the 2012/13 revised residual budget pressure of £875,000, which is a one-year-only pressure, be funded from Council balances resulting from the 2011/12 underspend.

8 Finance

Financial details are shown in section 7.3 above and in Appendix 1.

9 Risks and Uncertainties

Delivery of the Directorate savings is critical for the avoidance of overspend in 2012/13. The tight monitoring arrangements which are in place will ensure that any slippage against the Action Plan is highlighted and reported at the earliest opportunity.

Demand on Children and Young People's Services is always greater during periods of economic pressure. The Government's reforms of welfare benefits will add further pressure to CYPS budgets as a result of increased demand for services. It is therefore possible that demand for children's services may increase during the year. Should this happen it will be necessary to identify options to mitigate the financial impact of this.

A number of proposals to reduce the recurrent overspend involve the use of Early Intervention Grant (EIG). The level of EIG for 2013/14 onwards is not yet known so should there be any reduction in grant in future years this would create a further pressure that would need mitigating.

The LA should be mindful it has a duty to discharge its education and social care functions effectively. Further reductions, particularly to the children's social care budget is high risk in our efforts to keep the most disadvantaged and vulnerable safe.

10 Policy and Performance Agenda Implications

Delivery of the Revenue Budget within the parameters agreed at the start of the current financial year is essential if the objectives of the Council's Policy agenda are to be achieved. Financial performance is a key element within the assessment of the Council's overall performance framework.

11 Background Papers and Consultation

• Revenue Budget and Council Tax - Report to Council on 7th March 2012.

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Appendix 1

CYPS: Further Savings Proposals 2012/13

Proposal	Detail	£'000
Outdoor Learning	Service to be self-financed within 3 years.	20
	(£20k 12/13, £20k 13/14, £24k 14/15)	35
Connexions	Reduced Connexions funding	
Education Support	Post disestablished (Service restructure)	
Services		
Sexual Exploitation	Disestablish vacant post	11
Team		
NHS Income	Anticipated additional NHS funding towards placement costs	350
Safeguarding	Reduction in management posts to streamline and improve	150
Restructure	management oversight	
Family Recovery	Use of EIG funding from Early Years & Children's Centres	314
	Review	
Legal Costs	Pressure to be funded centrally	375
Family Assessment	Use of EIG funding from Early Years & Children's Centres	400
Team	Review	
Youth Service,	Restructure savings (EIG).	150
Connexions		
and Youth Offending		
Service integration		
Youth Service	Use of EIG funding from Early Years & Children's Centres	186
	Review	
Families Together	Use of EIG funding from Early Years & Children's Centres	62
Support Packages	Review	
Staff savings	Savings through the release of staff through retirement or	108
· ·	voluntary severance (beyond	
	those included in other savings proposals)	
Systems	Further savings following review of ICT Support Services	50
Development		
Total		2,257

RMBC - REPORT TO CABINET

1.	Meeting:	Cabinet
2.	Date:	4 th July 2012
3.	Title:	Welfare and Benefits Reform
4.	Directorate:	Resources

5. Summary

This report follows on from the report that was presented at the LSP Board in March 2012, outlining the major changes on welfare and benefit reforms and the potential impact on the community.

The report provides a brief summary of the likely local impacts of the Government's welfare reform programme, set out in the Welfare Reform Act 2012, and gives an update on the Council-led partnership response.

6. Recommendations

Cabinet is asked to:

- a) Note the contents of this report.
- b) Endorse the approach taken so far and ensure adequate and appropriate representation on both the Welfare and Benefit Operational Task Group and Partner Strategic Steering Group moving forward.
- c) Provide a strategic steer and receive progress reports at future meetings when policy changes and adaptations in response to the welfare and benefit reforms will be set out for Cabinet's consideration.

7. Proposals and Details

Background

In 2008, the economic downturn created a credit crunch whereby institutions were very cautious about lending within the financial sector and to businesses and individuals. In addition, the shrinking economy led to job losses and falling incomes alongside price rises in everyday items. Consequently, individuals were finding it difficult to meet their financial liabilities.

National agenda - What the 'Big Picture' looks like

To address the budget deficit, the Government has identified welfare reform as a key part of its austerity programme, expecting the changes to realise savings of £18 billion over the life of this Parliament. The Welfare Reform Act 2012 will see the permanent withdrawal of base income for people reliant on state benefits. This requires a different response to the credit crunch in that the implications are long term and will impact most on those who are most vulnerable.

Beyond saving money, the reform programme has the following objectives:

- To improve work incentives by 'making work pay'
- To reduce welfare dependency
- To reduce the complexity of the benefits system by bringing together the majority of benefits in a new "Universal Credit" for people of working age

Key changes include:

- Benefits to be capped at £500 per week for a couple or family and £350 per week for single person households from April 2013. The cap will apply to the combined income from Jobseekers Allowance, Income Support, Employment Support Allowance, Housing Benefit, Child Benefit, Carers Allowance and later the new Universal Credit (some benefits, such as Disability Living Allowance, are exempted).
- Universal Credit (UC) to be implemented from October 2013, which will
 consolidate a range of means tested benefits into one monthly payment, potentially
 causing budgeting problems for individuals and families who are used to receiving
 weekly benefit payments.
 - Direct payment of Housing Benefit (HB) to claimants as part of UC is another issue, as this is currently paid directly to landlords. Under UC, tenants will have to budget effectively in order to keep up with rent payments. Landlords, including local authorities, are likely to face an increase in rent arrears cases and a reduction in income (just under 70% of RMBC's tenants receive full or partial Housing Benefit).
 - The DWP is seeking to move a large proportion of people onto online assessments rather than face to face assessment.
- Eligibility for Working Tax Credit has increased from 16 hours to 24 hours per couple from April 2012.
- Disability Living Allowance to be replaced by Personal Independence Payment (PIP) and funding reduced by 20% from June 2013.
- **Lone parents** with children over 5 will move from Income Support to Job Seekers Allowance (JSA) or Employment Support Allowance (if they qualify) from April 2012, reducing benefits and forcing them to meet "availability for work" criteria (JSA).

- From May 2012, **contributory Employment Support Allowance (ESA) claims are limited to 1 year**, after which people will be assessed for means tested ESA. A tougher medical test and re-testing of existing Incapacity Benefit and ESA claimants are likely to remove long term sickness benefits from many people.
- Government will cut legal aid for social welfare law, despite the reforms leading to increased demand for advice on welfare rights, debt and housing.
- Council Tax Benefit to be localised and the amount available to councils reduced by 10%. Local authorities will need to devise, consult on and implement their own schemes by January 2013. Pensioners will be protected but this increases the impact on working age claimants.
- From January 2012, changes to Local Housing Allowance shared accommodation rates have led to **reduced benefits for single people aged 25-34.**
- Housing Benefit size criteria to be applied in the social rented sector from April 2013, leading to benefit cuts for those deemed to be "under occupiers".
- Housing Benefit administration changing from April 2013 to enable application of a benefit cap, with possible redundancy/TUPE issues for local authorities.
- **Crises Loans and Community Care grants**, part of the Discretionary Social Fund administered by DWP, are to be replaced with a devolved local scheme to local authorities from April 2013. The intention is to transfer the full amount so that the current provision is funded on the basis of grants rather than loans.

Attached at Appendix A are exemplifications of what these changes will mean for typical family circumstances.

Local Impact

The range of changes outlined above will impact on some of the most vulnerable people in the borough, as well as having direct and indirect implications for the Council and other service providers. Our response must be to work in co-production with people to create an environment where they are encouraged to help themselves.

The struggling local economy presents a problem in that there are insufficient jobs available for people successfully "incentivised" from benefits into the labour market. The number of working age claimants of JSA, ESA/IB, Income Support and DLA in Rotherham was 28,850 in November 2011 (21,060 excluding JSA). Two thirds of non-JSA claimants had been claiming for over 5 years and are unlikely to be ready for work or attractive to employers, so will find the job market very difficult. Young people lack work experience and are already hardest hit by unemployment, and will be further disadvantaged by benefit changes. Of working age claimants, 5,490 (19%) are aged under 25, half of them on JSA and half on other benefits.

Based on DWP information on existing claimants from August 2011, a conservative estimate of the cost to the Rotherham economy in reduced benefit payments is £28m by the end of March 2015. However, it is likely that the financial impact will be much greater, once the multiplier effects of financial losses are calculated.

Families with 3 or more children are most likely to be hit by the benefits cap, which could impact on child poverty and troubled families. Early analysis suggests we have around 250 claimants in around 100 families that this will have an impact on.

The effects of welfare reform will be felt disproportionately in the borough's most deprived communities where a high proportion of residents depend on benefits. The

11 most deprived neighbourhoods contain 15% of the population but 27% of working age benefit claimants. The loss of income estimated at £7.3 million over 3 years will hamper efforts to tackle deprivation and reduce inequalities in these areas.

The Operational Task Group are working on a detailed action plan which aims to capture all of the interconnected impacts, as well as giving an idea of scale in terms of the estimated number of people affected by changes to individual benefits. The information in the plan will be refined over the summer by the Task Group so that we will have:

- A comprehensive picture of the impact and issues facing organisations and communities
- An action plan that will take the emerging themes, issues, impact and make recommendations for consideration on a number of actions and areas of policy development and resource allocation.

All of the changes will take place against a local backdrop of high rates of worklessness, particularly affecting our most deprived communities, a high number of people on long term sickness and disability benefits, a low adult skill base, low paid jobs and a lack of appropriate small properties to meet the impact of Housing Benefit changes. There are likely to be implications for healthcare, particularly mental health and an increase in low level crime.

What we need to do in response to these changes

Following a report to the Rotherham Partnership Board in March, a Welfare and Benefit Operational Task Group was set up, taking a similar approach to the credit crunch work of 2008 & 2009, which received national recognition for Rotherham's proactive response to local issues, including job losses and increased demand for advice, particularly regarding financial matters. The Task Group includes officers from across the council and partner agencies. This group has built up a good understanding of the range of changes and issues associated with welfare reform, and is starting to coordinate and focus a response. It is anticipated that the Task Group will develop an action plan that will identify a number of activities that will aim to mitigate the risk for organisations and the community.

It is proposed that a Partner Strategic Steering Group is set up to direct and monitor this work by addressing the wider implications of the changes. Some of the key areas to address will require a different approach to local policy and the way resources are allocated which will be necessary to mitigate the impact.

Whilst some ad hoc activities have already occurred with organisations taking a lead for their specific areas, the task group is now coming together to plan and initiate coordinated actions in a number of areas, including:

- Communications, marketing and social media developing an overall strategy and targeted campaigns for particular affected groups
- Training for front line workers providing staff with the basic knowledge required to answer questions, raise awareness and signpost customers affected by welfare reform
- Looking at external funding opportunities to support the work submitting bids for up to £10,000 of support funding from DWP, made available to help people affected by the benefit cap

• **Mapping out the offer** – what current resources are available to signposting people for support for benefit advice and getting into work

The work for the Task Group over the next few months will be to develop a longer term action plan which will be key to:

- successfully managing and mitigating the impact of the changes
- addressing the wider implications and scenarios
- starting to suggest actions that will mitigate such impacts.

A priority of the action plan will be to develop an effective and sustainable long term approach that will start to address the need to support people to develop life skills that will build resilience in communities for the future.

However, there are some imminent priorities for the next 3 months:

- 1. Developing a clear and consistent communication strategy because the welfare reforms are very complex and confusing, there is a danger of information overload for people and organisations. We need to be clear what the 'big ticket' items are and when they will happen and plan the campaigns accordingly and how do we get this message out so people understand what's happening then where can they go for advice and support.
- 2. Raising awareness of the changes with elected Members and partner organisations so they can deal with issues raised with them by the public and staff.
- 3. Raising awareness with the public we need to consider a range ways to get key messages out to the public on the changes. People don't always read or take notice of letters or access facilities run through Government agencies. There needs to be a number of ways to engage effectively with people to make them aware of the changes and where they can go for support and advice. These could include: social media, local campaigns, targeting hot spot areas, targeting places with greatest footfall, i.e. hospital entrances, council buildings, Rotherham Show.

The themes and some of the strands of activity emerging from the work to date are:

- 1. Building resilience in communities to include:
 - Money Management skills budgeting, having a bank account
 - Borrowing from Regulated Institutions including the services offered by Credit Unions in communities
 - Staying Healthy keeping warm, eating well and staying active
 - Having access to online facilities
- 2. Making sure that people take up benefits they are entitled to:
 - Understanding where the gaps are where there is a low take up of benefits
 - Providing coordinated services to enable people to access good quality support and advice on what the changes will mean to them
 - Building the capacity of the advice sector to cope with increasing demand
- 3. Ensuring a collective response from partners to the communication and coordination of services:

- Communication and Marketing sub-group established to draw up a communication strategy
- Maximise resources available to ensure that information, support and advice is co-ordinated, and publicity reaches the relevant groups including those most marginalised.
- 4. Providing opportunities for people to move into work:
 - Work with the business sector regarding employment issues around contracts for part-time workers
 - Look at activities that will keep people active in communities
 - Increase apprenticeships
- 5. Ensure the welfare and benefit work links into other strategic priorities and strategies so that work can be targeted to those areas of greatest need, particularly:
 - Housing Strategy
 - Early Help Strategy
 - Health and Well-being Strategy
 - Ageing Well Strategy
 - Priority work initiatives:
 - Neighbourhoods suffering from multiple deprivation
 - Think Family
- 6. Identify areas that impact locally for policy development and resource allocation:
 - Social Housing the need to manage changing demand for different types and sizes of home, movements between the social and private rented housing, increasing rent arrears and consequent risk of evictions.
 - Localisation of Council Tax Benefit the need to devise a local benefit scheme, possibly in liaison with neighbouring authorities and deal with rising levels of arrears and court action.
 - Online access
 - Challenge for organisations to have systems in place and workers trained in online systems and providing relevant advice.
 - People to have access to online facilities and have the required skills to apply for benefits or know where to get advice.

Coordination of activities

To achieve a coherent and coordinated response and find the quickest route to decision making and actions to mitigate the impact of the welfare and benefit changes, will require both strategic and operational responses. Therefore a recommendation is made to set up a Strategic Partner Steering Group and a Partner Operational Task Group.

It is suggested that a Strategic Steering group should be established to guide the core group, to receive and comment on issues and proposals and where required advise on proposals for policy changes and resource allocation. It is suggested that this Steering Group is chaired by the Leader of the Council.

Development of partners' work needs to be fully inclusive of all relevant and interested agencies. However, inclusion needs to avoid making decision making and implementation ineffective and inefficient. This can be achieved by adopting good practice from the credit crunch work in that the operational task group will review the changes to the welfare and benefit systems and take recommended actions to help to address and mitigate the impact. Other agencies not on the core group will be consulted with and co-opted onto the group as necessary, and kept informed of developments and activities.

The operational work is intrinsically linked with the Financial Inclusion Group (FIG) hosted by Voluntary Action Rotherham. The FIG is a partnership network that looks to support the development of initiatives/partnership to meet local need and is already working on a number of projects that will assist with the delivery of the welfare and benefit operational task group action plan. This will include front line training tor workers including public sector workers, support for working with communities to explore how to deliver financial capability training and piloting pieces of work to discover best engagement practices. They are also working with social housing providers and potentially private landlords to reduce unsuccessful tenancies in people under 25.

A further dimension will be the Rotherham Partnership which will look at the wider economic and social impacts and it is expected that reports will be taken through the Rotherham Partnership Chief Executive Group and the Rotherham Partnership Strategic Governance Board.

Any RMBC specific issues arising from the ongoing monitoring of the impact of the Welfare Reform which will impact on Council's services would be formally reported to Cabinet.

Attached at Appendix B are draft Terms of Reference for the Partner Strategic Steering Group.

8. Finance

There are a wide range of likely financial impacts from the welfare reform programme, the scale of which is hard to quantify at this moment in time. The operational group is working to gain a full understanding of these but clearly there will be significant costs incurred to the Council.

Implementation of a local Council Tax Benefit system, for example, has obvious direct costs, but will also result in higher collection and enforcement costs as well as reduced income. As outlined above, direct payment of Housing Benefit as part of the implementation of Universal Credit, present similar challenges to the Housing Revenue Account and rising homelessness.

Financial resources will be required to address some immediate areas that require action such as raising awareness, interim bridging of gaps in service, kick starting activities for building resilience in communities (money management skills) and initial training for key front line staff.

The action plan will start to identity further areas for consideration; given that the changes will take place over a three year period, any additional resources identified need to be sustainable during this period. Early indications suggest investment in advice sector work in targeted communities, support for credit unions, incentives to take on apprenticeships. It is important at this stage to note that the work on mapping out what support is available to signpost people will be critical as we need to utilise available resources effectively and avoid duplication.

However, history tells us if we take significant action now, it will achieve a cost avoidance further downstream. Refocusing existing resources to areas of greatest need would facilitate the Partners' response to the challenges facing people across Rotherham created by the Coalition Governments changes to welfare and benefits. Members will appreciate the probable need to reconsider current policy and resourcing decisions, alongside those of our partners, if we are to meet the challenges as successfully as possible.

9. Risks and Uncertainties

Welfare reform is a complex issue and the timetable for implementation is very tight. How agencies are going to cope with the changes is uncertain and there are likely to be indirect impacts which could have a range of social and/or economic consequences.

A specific risk relates to the establishment of a local Council Tax Benefit scheme by January 2013. Colleagues in Resources are already working up models and options, which will be presented to SLT and then Members shortly. An uncertainty is future access to Free School Meals after Universal Credit is introduced in October 2013. The Children's Society has estimated that around a quarter of pupils currently eligible could lose their entitlement.

10. Policy and Performance Agenda Implications

Welfare reform has implications across a range of policy areas and links need to be made with various ongoing initiatives to prevent duplication of effort. Examples include:

- Making sure no community is left behind (Corporate Plan priority)
- Child poverty (statutory duty)
- Provide additional support to the most vulnerable (Community Strategy priority)
- Prevention and early intervention (key Council strategy and business principle)
- Troubled Families initiative (RMBC led programme)

In terms of the Council's performance framework, the following outcomes are most relevant:

- Fewer children are living in poverty
- Fewer people struggle to pay for heating and lighting costs
- More people are in work or training rather than living on benefits

Page 47

The Council aims to support people from reliance on benefits into work and the general thrust of welfare reform encourages this. However, the adverse economic climate and disengagement of most claimants from the labour market means that progress will be slow. Consequently benefit changes are likely to have a negative impact on a number of our performance indicators for some time.

11. Background Papers and Consultation

- Report to LSP Board 29th March 2012 (available on request)
- Consultation on the impacts of and responses to welfare reform has taken place with a wide range of local partners and neighbouring authorities

Contact Name:

Andrew Bedford Strategic Lead for Welfare Reform Carole Haywood Policy and Partnership Manager

Appendix A

Illustrations of the Impact of Universal Credit

Universal Credit will replace a large number of benefits and tax credits with one system. Its impact on household incomes will vary depending on family type and size, and by housing and childcare costs. Some low income working families and single people will have increased incomes and work incentives. However, other families will be hit hard, especially lone parent families.

Overall, 2.8 million households will be better off under Universal Credit, 2.7 million households will see no change and 2 million households including 1.1 million households with children will be worse off (after transitional payments), according to DWP impact assessment of November 2011. Existing claimants who are worse off will receive extra payments for a transitional period.

Impact on Families

The general impact of Universal Credit on families will be most beneficial to couples with children where at least one partner works. Workless lone parents and couple families will tend to lose out after transitional payments end. Depending on their circumstances, some working lone parents will be better off but others will be worse off.

- A lone parent with three children, working full time on the minimum wage, could be over £3,500 per year (£68 per week) worse off. Assuming weekly rent of £65 and childcare cost of £95, their annual income would fall from £19,240 to £15,704 (18% decrease);
- A lone parent with two children, working full time on the minimum wage, could be as much as £2,500 per year (£48 per week) worse off;
- As well as hitting lone parents working longer hours, Universal Credit will support single earner couple families at the expense of couples where both parents work part-time on a low income.
- A low income couple with three children where one parent works 24 hours a week and the other works a few hours on low pay could lose as much as £1,800 a year (£35 per week) under the new system;
- Some working lone parents will be better off because Universal Credit is likely to boost the incomes of those working less than 16 hours a week on low pay. However, there will be less of an incentive for this group to work more than 16 hours compared to the current system.

Impact on Single People

- A single person without children working 40 hours a week earning £300 (£244 after tax) with housing costs of £85 per week and council tax of £15 per week, would gain £6 per week under Universal Credit. A single person earning £150 per week would be £35 per week better off, with annual income rising from £9,412 to £11,232 (19% increase).

Treatment of Savings

Savings in Universal Credit are to be treated in the same way as in means tested benefits. Savings below £6,000 will have no impact. An income of £1 per week will be assumed for every £250 of savings over £6,000 up to a maximum savings level of £16,000. People with savings above £16,000 will not be eligible for Universal Credit.

Local Housing Allowance

The impact of changes to Local Housing Allowance entitlement will vary according to household composition and type of accommodation. A typical single person aged 25-35 living in a one bedroom flat will face a loss of £38 per week if they do not move to shared accommodation.

The Local Housing Allowance for a 3 bed house in Rotherham is £103.85 per week but if a single person or adult occupies the house their LHA is only £78.46 based on need for 1 bedroom. The difference of £25.39 has to be made up by the tenant if they wish to remain in the 3 bed house. The annual additional cost to the tenant in this case would be £1,320.

Strategic Partner Steering Group WELFARE AND BENEFITS

TERMS OF REFERENCE

Overall Aim of the Welfare and Benefits Strategic Partners Steering Group:

The overall aim of the Steering Group is to facilitate the Partnership and the Local Authority to understand and mitigate the implications of National, Regional and Local policy and regulatory changes which have a social impact upon the housing, welfare and benefits changes.

Membership of the Strategic Partners Steering Group:

There will we be a core group of members consisting of:

- Leader of the Council
- Deputy Leader of the Council
- RMBC Chief Executive
- RMBC Strategic Director for Resources
- District Manager, Jobcentre Plus (DWP)
- CEO Voluntary Action Rotherham
- Representatives from Health
- Police
- Housing
- Policy & Partnerships Manager (Chair of Welfare & Benefit Operational Task Group)

In addition where specialist knowledge is required the group may request additional attendees on a 'co-opted' basis.

Timing of Meetings:

The **Strategic Partners Steering Group:** shall meet initially on a bi-monthly basis to be reviewed after 6 months.

The **Strategic Partners Steering Group:** will have direct responsibility for approving and monitoring the delivery of the action plan prepared by the Welfare and Benefits Operational Task Group.

Reports on progress of the action plan will come through the Welfare and Benefit Operational Task Group, and will be presented by the Chair / Vice Chair of the Group

Should the Steering Group require 'task and finish' sub groups to undertake work then those groups will meet at convenient periods to enable the results of their work to be reported back to the Welfare and Benefits Steering Group.

The Strategic Partners Steering Group: shall be supported by:

- Corporate lead for Communication and Marketing
- Partnership and Policy Manager

The Strategic Partners Steering Group will support the work of the Task Group by:

- Providing guidance and support to the task group on the priority areas identified for action
- Monitor the delivery of the action plan
- Take the necessary appropriate action on priority areas that require a resource allocation or policy decision
- Act as strategic champions for the work at a National, Regional and Local level

Key Strategic Linkages

Review of the impact of the Welfare Reform Act on the outcomes identified in the following key strategic priorities:

- The Deprived Communities work
- The Early Help Strategy and Think Family initiative
- The Health and Well being strategy

Key Outcomes

To reduce disadvantage in Rotherham by:

- Identifying those most at risk and provide a targeted approach to ensure support and advice is given to mitigate further poverty and deprivation
- Respond in a collaborative way to support people at risk
- Align strategies to ensure linkages across key priorities are identified and acted upon
- Delivery of the action plan
- Identify policy changes and resource allocation

ROTHERHAM BOROUGH COUNCIL - REPORT TO MEMBERS

1.	Meeting:	Cabinet
2.	Date:	4 th July 2012
3.	Title:	RGF Round 3 bid: Sheffield City Region Enterprise Zone – Infrastructure works
4.	Programme Area:	Environment and Development Services

5. Summary

This report seeks approval for Rotherham MBC to be a partner in a Regional Growth Fund (RGF) bid; with Henry Boot, Harworth Estates and Sheffield Business Park, to seek funding for infrastructure works within the recently launched SCR Enterprise Zone (EZ). It is also seeking approval for RMBC to act as the accountable body for the RGF money if it is secured.

6. Recommendations

That Cabinet:-

- 1) Note the report
- 2) Approve RMBC being a partner in the RGF bid
- 3) Approve RMBC acting as accountable body for the £13.2m of RGF loans/grants being sought through the project.

7. Proposals and Details

RMBC in partnership with Harworth Estates Ltd, developers of the Waverley site; Sheffield Business Park Phase 2 Ltd and Henry Boot Development Ltd, developers of the Markham Vale site, have submitted a bid into the Regional Growth Fund (RGF) Round 3; for money to implement a series of infrastructure improvements across the City Region's Enterprise Zone (EZ). These improvements will accelerate the development of key employment sites and maximise the window of opportunity offered by the EZ incentives to create new jobs.

The bid comprises three strands brought together into an overarching programme. The proposals being:-

- 1) RMBC in conjunction with Sheffield Business Park deliver key enabling infrastructure to facilitate development at Sheffield Business Park (SBP) Phase 2 and improvements to the strategic highway network links to the motorway from the AMP and the Business Park. An RGF loan will support land preparation works including the cutting and filling of a 20ha site to create development platforms, structural landscaping, and the provision of initial site access and services, eventually delivering 83,610 sq m of new, high quality, business floorspace. In relation to strategic highway works, RGF grant will support improvements to key junctions on the primary road network linking the Sheffield/Rotherham EZ locations with the national motorway network; allowing access for heavy and high loads. The RGF funding for the highway works will be supported by money from RMBC and the private sector.
- 2) Investment in key enabling infrastructure to facilitate development at Waverley. An RGF loan to Harworth Estates will contribute to key enabling infrastructure including a new onsite road junction and additional ground preparation and remediation works that will be undertaken as part of wider site preparation. The Waverley strategic site is being transformed from a 280ha disused and reclaimed industrial brownfield former UK Coal site into a new business and residential community ultimately of around 186,000 sq m of commercial floorspace, 4,000 homes, community facilities and parkland. The RGF funded works will kick start a response to the emerging demand for expansion space from indigenous high growth business and opportunities for inward investment, accelerating delivery and growth.
- 3) The Markham Vale RGF funding will provide highway and broadband infrastructure to open up 33ha of industrial land for development.

8. Finance

The total cost of the Project/Programme is £108.98M, of which £13.2M is being sought from RGF. The remainder of the funding will come from other public funds (£2.8M) and the majority from the private sector developers (£93M). The £2.8m of public money includes a £300k contribution, split between Rotherham and Sheffield, towards the cost of the highway works.

RGF will be a mixture of grants and loans. The RMBC highway works and the development at Markham Vale are being sought as grants. The works on Sheffield Business Park and the AMP are to be loans, with repayment being made as the development plots are sold.

The breakdown of the RGF requirements are.

Location	Developer	Amount of RGF	Type of RGF
Highway works	RMBC	£770,000	Grant
Sheffield Business	Sheffield Business	£1,804,000	Loan
Park	Park Ltd		
Advanced	Harworth Estates	£4,120,000	Loan
Manufacturing Park			
Markham Vale	Henry Boot	£6,250,000	Grant
Programme	n/a	£259,000	Grant
Management			

The money will initially come to RMBC as accountable body, who will then distribute it to the other partners. The loan repayments from the developers will be paid back to RMBC. If the bid is successful then we will begin negotiations with BIS, regarding the loan repayments being reinvested within Rotherham or the City Region for the further development of the local economy, rather than being returned to central government

In relation to grants, payments will be made against eligible costs. RMBC, in its capacity as accountable body, will be responsible for making RGF payments retrospectively against defrayed expenditure as contracts progress.

Project deliverers will be responsible for providing regular progress reports to Rotherham MBC providing financial details and progress of works. On completion of works, a final audited statement of expenditure for each project will be required.

Rotherham MBC, in collaboration with project partners, will be responsible for procuring an external 'Green Book' evaluation of the Programme by March 2017 (2 years after RGF completion).

The programme also includes a programme management and monitoring fee of £259,000 which would be payable to RMBC for performing the accountable body role.

A £300k public sector contribution is required for the highway works around the AMP and Sheffield Business Park. The breakdown between Rotherham and Sheffield will be calculated based on the proportion of the work in each of the districts, after which the funding will be sought; initially from the LTP pot.

9. Risks and Uncertainties

Initially there is a risk that the RGF bid will be unsuccessful. Both previous rounds have been overbid and this is likely to occur again, especially as there are no further RGF Rounds currently planned

If successful the risk moves to RMBC being the accountable body for the RGF funding. This means that any failure to deliver the project or the outputs/outcomes; funding ineligible expenditure or not paying back the loan part of the funding, will leave RMBC responsible for repayment of the grant to BIS.

There are however a number of mitigating factors that can reduce/manage the risk

- The amount of direct grant to RMBC is relatively small at £770k and the highway works should be straightforward to deliver
- Legal agreements will be set up with the other partners making them responsible for any clawback on RMBC resulting from their activities.
- Loans will be secured against assets, and subject to agreed interest rates, interest roll up and repayment from land disposals and development works as these take place on an agreed basis

Finally there is a risk that the management fee of £259,000 will be insufficient to cover the full cost of RMBC undertaking the accountable body function; as the contracting proposal is new and innovative, therefore it is difficult to predict the work involved. Further work needs to be undertaken to scope out the role. It is anticipated that costs will be mitigated by utilising standard form partner contracts and loan agreements

Tight timescales meant that the bid had to be submitted before a paper could be taken to Members to secure approval for RMBC involvement. Should Cabinet not approve this report changes will be made to the make up of the bid and the partnership before a decision is made by BIS, which is expected to be in autumn 2012.

10. Policy and Performance Agenda Implications

The quicker development of the Enterprise Zone, which will follow on the back of these works, will contribute to the following strategic priorities under the Achieving Theme of the Community Strategy:-

- Promote business start ups, growth and inward investment
- Improve access and remove barriers to employment

11. Background Papers and Consultation

Consultation on the overall bid has taken place with Sheffield Business Park, Henry Boot and Harworth Estates. Sheffield City Council will be consulted on the highways part of the bid, some of which are in Sheffield.

Page 56

The RMBC External Funding Team has been consulted on the feasibility of the council acting as accountable body for the RGF monies.

A copy of the full RGF application form is available on request.

RMBC Finance and Legal Services have been consulted on the report.

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Agenda Item 11

Page 57

By virtue of paragraph(s) 3 of Part 1 of Schedule 12A of the Local Government Act 1972.

Document is Restricted